

# Living in the Darkness

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## 1. Our Universe :

Harlow Shapley & Heber Curtis 26.4.1920  
A. V. Maanen [Rot<sup>n</sup> of M31]

Cepheid Variable stars  $\Rightarrow$  Standard candles

Period	Luminosity
1 day	$10^2$ Solar lum.
50 days	$10^4$ " "

$L_a = \frac{L_s}{4\pi r^2}$  . Edwin Hubble in 1925

M31 & Other Spiral Nebulae are  
far away from Milky Way

Univ contains 100b Galaxies  
Size of observable Univ  $\sim$  10,000 Mpc.

## 2. Evolving $\xi \Rightarrow$ Creator God (2)

Confession by St. Augustine [354-430 A.D.]

Static & Infinite Univ.  $\Rightarrow$  Removes C.G.

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} R g_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8\pi G}{3} T_{\mu\nu}$$

$$ds^2 = -dt^2 + a^2(t) \left[ \frac{dr^2}{1-kr^2} + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2\theta d\phi^2 \right]$$

$$T_{\mu\nu} = (\rho + p) U_\mu U_\nu + p g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$\text{If } p=0; \rho = \frac{\Lambda}{4\pi G}; a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Lambda}} \text{ for } k=+1$$

Olbers paradox?

J. P. L. de Cheseaux (1744)

H. W. M. Olbers (1826)

$$L_a = \frac{L_s}{4\pi r^2};$$

No. of stars between  $r$  &  $r+dr = dN = 4\pi r^2 dr \cdot n$

$$\text{Radiant Energy} = \int_0^\infty L_a dN = \int_0^\infty L n dr \rightarrow \infty$$

Infinite Static Univ  $\Rightarrow$  Bright night sky

Solution 1: Interstellar medium absorbs?

But ,, ,, are in th. equilib.

Solution 2: Stars are opaque, so not all seen

But every line of sight ends in a star.

Solution 3: Univ. is evolving & finite

Aleksandr Aleksandrovich Friedmann (1922) <sup>(3)</sup>

$$\omega = \frac{p}{\rho} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \rho a^4 = \text{Const} \Rightarrow a \propto \sqrt{t} : \text{Radiation}$$

$$'' = '' = 0 \Rightarrow \rho a^3 = '' \Rightarrow a \propto t^{2/3} : \text{Matter}$$

Georges Edouard Lemaitre (1927)

Edwin Hubble & Redshift: (1929)

(V.M. Slipher)

Recessional velocity ( $v \approx zc$ , for  $z \ll 1$ )

Comoving distance  $D$

$$v = H_0 D \quad ; \quad H_0 \Rightarrow \text{Hubble constant}$$

$$1 + z = \frac{\lambda_{\text{observed}}}{\lambda_{\text{emitted}}} = \frac{a(t = \text{today})}{a(t = \text{emission time})}$$

$(1+z)$  is the factor by which Univ. has expanded since a photon has been emitted from a source

So, Univ is expanding, since  $t=0$ ,  $a=0$

Big - Bang : When everything blows

Beginning of time  $\Rightarrow$  Creator God ( $\Lambda$ -removed)

Predictions From Big-Bang

## (a) Big Bang Nucleosynthesis: (4)

$\alpha \beta \gamma$  - theory (1948) (BBN)

✓ Ralph Alpher - Hans Bethe - George Gamow  
???

At  $T > 10^9 \text{ K}$   $n \rightarrow p$   $\frac{n}{p} \rightarrow \frac{1}{7}$

At  $T \approx 10^9 \text{ K} \approx 0.1 \text{ MeV} < \text{B.E. of Light nuclei}$

$n + p \rightarrow {}^2\text{D} \Rightarrow \text{Deuterium}$

${}^2\text{D} + {}^2\text{D} \rightarrow {}^4\text{He}$

Finally  ${}^2\text{D}$ ,  ${}^3\text{He}$ ,  ${}^4\text{He}$ ,  ${}^6\text{Li}$ ,  ${}^7\text{Li}$  could form.

Unstable isotopes  ${}^3\text{H}$ ,  ${}^7\text{Be}$ ,  ${}^8\text{Be}$  decayed or fused with other nuclei

Lasted for few minutes.

Univ. expands  $\rightarrow$  Temp. falls

All  ${}^2\text{D}$  were not converted to  ${}^4\text{He}$

Heavier isotope could not form

Theoretical prediction of Elemental Abundance of these light nuclei

75%  ${}^1\text{H}$ , 25%  ${}^4\text{He}$ , 0.01%  ${}^2\text{D}$ ,  $10^{-10}\%$   $\text{Li}$

has been confirmed experimentally. (██████████)

Baryon Energy density can be calculated

from the E.A. of Light nuclei (4%)

Photon to Baryon ratio  $\sim 10^9$

$$\Omega_{B_0} \approx 0.04$$

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## (b) CMBR

George Gamow - Ralph Alpher - Robert Herman  
(1948)

If  $\beta$ -B is true :

Univ. evolved like hot-thick soup of  
Plasma containing sub-atomic particles  
[ $e^-$ ,  $e^+$ ,  $n$ ,  $p$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\nu$  etc.]

At  $10^{-2}$  s (10 MeV)  $\Rightarrow$  Thermal equilibrium  
Univ. was opaque  $\because$  Thomson Scattering  
bet<sup>n</sup>  $\gamma$  &  $e^-$

After  $4 \times 10^5$  yrs.  $T \sim 0.25$  eV  $\approx 3000$  K  
Recombination : Photons decoupled.

Alpher & Herman  $\sim 5$  K in Microwave

Robert Dicke & Yakov Zel'dovich (1960)

David Todd Wilkinson & Peter Roll (1964)

Constructing Dicke Radiometer

Arno Penzias & Robert Woodrow Wilson  
built D.R. for Radio Astronomy & Satellite  
Communication : Their Instrument had an  
excess 3.5 K antenna temp.

"Dicke: Boys we've been scooped"

Noble in 1978 :  $T = 2.728 \pm .002$  K

Birth of Cosmology

$\Omega_R = 5 \times 10^{-5}$  ( $\sim 0.05\%$ )

Dark Matter : Fritz Zwicky (1933) <sup>(6)</sup>

Velocities of Individual Galaxies in  
COMA Cluster  $\Rightarrow$  Very large

Virial theorem:

$$K + \frac{U}{2} = 0$$

$$K = \frac{3}{2} M \langle v_r^2 \rangle ; U = - \frac{GM^2}{R} \quad R \sim 2 \text{ Mpc.}$$

$\Downarrow$   
Velocity dispersion

holds if  $M_{\text{COMA}} \gg \sum M_{\text{Galaxies}}$

In: 70's Peculiar Velocities in Galaxies

Kepler's law :  $v(r) = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}}$

$$\therefore v(r) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

But at large distance from centre

$$v \sim \text{Constant} \because M \propto r$$

Tested for over 1000 Galaxies  
observing 21 cm. emission lines of neutral H.

Structure formation also supports the  
requirement of Cold Dark Matter

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} \approx 0.24 \sim 0.26 \quad (24\% \sim 26\%)$$

# Problems encountered With B-B (7)

1. Why Univ is so Isotropic & homogeneous?
2. Why Univ is so Inhomogeneous?  
CMB Isotropy 1 part in  $10^5$
3. How to get rid of Creator God?  
Small scale structures.

Charles W. Misner suggested:

Neutrino viscosity at the early Univ.  
might have reduced anisotropy in CMB.

George L. Murphy:

Bulk viscosity can push singularity to  
infinite past: violates energy condition ( $\rho + 3p < 0$ )

Vladimir A. Belinsky & Isaak M. Khalatnikov:

Dissipative Mechanism due to  $\nu$  viscosity, really  
isotropises, modifies B-B-sing & accounts for  
large entropy/Baryon.

Q. G. Initiated: Bryce de-Witt & Stefan Weinberg

$\Rightarrow$  U.V. Divergence  $\Rightarrow$  SUGRA, SUSY, SUPER  
STRING

QFT IN C.S.T: Gravity treated as Classical

$\Rightarrow$  Vacuum is non-trivial

$\Rightarrow$  Creation of matter from vac. fluc. of  $\phi$ .

Q. Cosmology:  $\hat{H}|\Psi\rangle = 0$

Univ. has been created from Nothing.

## More Problems:

(8)

a) Horizon problem  $\Rightarrow$  Prob. of Isotropy is even worse

b) Flatness  $\gg$  ( $k = 0, \pm 1 \Rightarrow$  Curvature param.)

$$3\left(\frac{\dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{k}{a^2}\right) = 3H^2 + 3\frac{k}{a^2} = 8\pi G\rho \quad \circ \text{ Friedmann eqn.}$$

$$k = 0 \Rightarrow \rho_c = \frac{3H^2}{8\pi G} \Rightarrow \text{Critical density}$$

$$\therefore \Omega - 1 = \frac{k}{a^2 H^2} \quad ; \quad \Omega = \frac{\rho}{\rho_c}$$

Matter dominated era:  $a \propto t^{2/3}$

$$\frac{\Omega_{t=100\text{A}} - 1}{\Omega_{t=14\text{Gyr}} - 1} = \left(\frac{t}{t_0}\right)^{2/3} \sim 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{If } \Omega_{t=14\text{Gyr}} \sim 1,$$

$$\Omega_{t=100\text{A}} \approx 1 \pm 10^{-11} \text{ Incredible} \Rightarrow \text{fine tuning}$$

$k = 0$  from the beginning?

Why?

Unwanted Relics: If B.B starts before  $T > 10^9 \text{ GeV}$

Gravitino ( $m \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$ ) survived & no B.B.N.

Monopoles & Other topological defects



Inflation : 
$$\left. \begin{aligned} 2 \frac{\ddot{a}}{a} + \frac{\dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{k}{a^2} &= -8\pi G \rho \\ \frac{\dot{a}^2}{a^2} + \frac{k}{a^2} &= \frac{8\pi G}{3} \rho \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\ddot{a}}{a} = -\frac{4\pi G}{3} (\rho + 3p)$$

$$\rho + 3p < 0 \Rightarrow \text{Acceleration} \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{p}{\rho} < -\frac{1}{3}$$

- \* Unwanted relics are inflated
- \* Once Causally connected regions  $\rightarrow$  Beyond Horizon
- \* Univ. is flattened.

It must end. Cosmological scales then slowly enter horizon.

- \* Horizon problem solved.
- \* Flatness " " .  $k \rightarrow 0$
- \* No Unwanted relics.

Starts at  $\sim 10^{-42}$  s ; ends  $\sim 10^{-12}$  s.

Requires  $\phi$  field

$$\ddot{\phi} + 3H\dot{\phi} + V'(\phi) = 0$$

$$\omega = \frac{\frac{1}{2}\dot{\phi}^2 - V}{\frac{1}{2}\dot{\phi}^2 + V} \approx -1, \text{ if } \dot{\phi} \approx 0$$

ie.  $V$  is flat.

Vac fluctuation of  $\phi$  produces particles.  
Univ. reheats  $\Rightarrow$  Big Bang starts.

# Imprint of Inflation :

(10)

Q. Vac. fluc  $\rightarrow \delta\phi \rightarrow$  freezed beyond H.

After horizon entry :

$$\delta\phi \xrightarrow[\text{fn.}]{\text{Transf}} \begin{array}{l} \delta\rho \rightarrow \text{density } \rho \\ \delta g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \text{S-T } p \\ \delta\theta \rightarrow \text{P. in no. of } \gamma \text{ at } \bar{x} \\ \text{With momentum along } \hat{n} \end{array}$$

$\downarrow$   
CMB Anisotropy

Gravitation  $\nabla$  Random particle motion  
 $\downarrow$   
tries to increase  $\delta\rho/\rho$  attracting more matter to overdense region.

- \* HDM **Massless neutrinos** : R.M. Wins  $\delta_k$  falls exponentially.
- \* CDM : R.M.  $\approx 0$ ,  $\delta_k$  grows logarithmically, a potential well is developed.
- \* Baryon + Photon plasma : The fluid oscillates like a standing acoustic wave.

Univ expands & cools,  $e^-$ 's form atoms  
Thomson scatt ceases,  $\gamma$  decouple  $\rightarrow$  CMB  
Baryons fall in CDM P. Well with same  $\delta_k$

$$\delta_k = \frac{\delta\rho}{\rho} = \frac{4}{9} \left(\frac{k}{aH}\right)^2 \mathcal{R}_k, \quad \mathcal{R}_k = -\left[\frac{H}{\dot{\phi}} \times \delta\phi_k\right]_t$$

⇒ Series of Peaks & troughs [ $l^n$  of Angular Scale] (11)  
1st. peak corresponds Curvature of S-T. [angular Scale]

1st : 2nd ⇒ Baryon density

3rd ⇒ Information about D.M.

1st : 2nd : 3rd ⇒ Type of perturbation. [ang. Scale]

Adiabatic P. ⇒ Fractional overdensities of each matter components (Baryons,  $\gamma$ ,  $\nu$ ) are the same

If in a spot 1% of B & 1% of  $\gamma$  overdensities than av. then 1% o-d for  $\nu$  also.

Ang. Scale of peaks ⇒ 1 : 2 : 3 [Inflation]

Isocurvature P ⇒  $\sum F \cdot o-d = 0$  [Cosmic Strings]

If 1% o-d of B & 1% of  $\gamma$  then 2% Under-d. of  $\nu$  [1:3:5]

Observations:

1. COBE : Anisotropy at  $7^\circ$  ang. scale

[Well outside the horizon at Last Scatt. Surf.]

ie. Primordial form of P detected.

2. BOOMERANG : Reported highest power fluct.

at  $< 1^\circ$  ⇒  $\Omega_0 \approx 1.02 \pm 0.04$

3. WMAP : Measured other peaks ⇒  $0.2 < \Omega_{100} < 0.4$

Also 1st. : 2nd. : 3rd = 1 : 2 : 3 → DASI/VSA/CBI

Inflation is Confirmed

" Planck with ACBAR "

Cosmic Strings ruled out.

# SN1a - Data & Recent Acceleration

(12)

Expt.  $m - M = 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{d_L}{\text{Mpc}} \right) + 25$

$H_0 d_L = Z$  for  $Z \leq 0.2$ ,  $H_0^{-1} = \frac{3000}{h} \text{ Mpc}$ .

<u>Data</u>	$Z = 0.026$	$m = 16.08$	①	1992P
	$Z = 0.83$	$m = 24.32$	②	1997ab

Take ① Get  $d_L$  & hence  $M = -19.09$

Take ② &  $M$ ,  $H_0 d_L = 1.16$

Th. Model.  $d_L = \frac{L_s}{4\pi F} = \frac{1+Z}{H_0} \int_0^Z \frac{dz}{\sqrt{\sum \Omega_{i0} (1+z)^{3(1+\omega_i)}}$

Take only matter  $\Omega_{m0} = 1$ ,  $H_0 d_L \approx 0.94$

Take matter ( $\omega_m = 0, \Omega_{m0} = 0.3$ )  
&  $\Lambda$  ( $\omega_\Lambda = -1, \Omega_{\Lambda 0} = 0.7$ )  $\Rightarrow H_0 d_L \approx 1.19$

Acceleration:  $q = -1 - \frac{\ddot{H}}{H^2} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{\sum \Omega_{i0} (1+\omega_i) (1+Z)^{3(1+\omega_i)}}{\sum \Omega_{i0} (1+Z)^{3(1+\omega_i)}} - 1$

For  $\Omega_{\Lambda 0} = 0.7$  &  $\Omega_{m0} = 0.3$

$q < 0 \Rightarrow Z < 0.7 \Rightarrow$  Acceleration is recent phen.

AGE.  $t_0 = \frac{1}{H_0} \int_0^\infty \frac{dz}{(1+z) \sqrt{\Omega_{m0} (1+z)^3 + \Omega_{\Lambda 0}}}$

If  $\Omega_{\Lambda 0} = 0$  &  $\Omega_{m0} = 1$ ,  $t_0 \approx 9 \text{ BYr}$

If  $\Omega_{\Lambda 0} = 0.7$  &  $\Omega_{m0} = 0.3$ ,  $t_0 \approx 13.1 \text{ BYr}$ .

HE 1523-0901 (A Red giant in Milky Way)

has age  $\sim 13.2 \text{ BYr}$ .

$\Lambda = ?$  Vacuum energy-density (13)

=  $\sum$  zero pt. energies of Q fields with mass  $M$

$$\rho_{\text{vac}} \approx 10^{74} \text{ GeV}^4 \quad \langle T_{00} \rangle_{\text{vac}} \approx \frac{c^5}{G^2 \hbar}$$

$$\text{But } 3H^2 = 8\pi G \rho + \Lambda \Rightarrow \Lambda \sim H_0^2$$

$$\& \rho_{\Lambda} = \frac{\Lambda}{8\pi G} \approx 10^{-47} \text{ GeV}^4$$

$\rho_{\Lambda}$  is  $10^{-120}$  order of mag. less than  $\rho_{\text{vac}}$

∴ Dynamical models of D. energy initiated.

\* Quintessence  $\Rightarrow$  The fifth force [searching a  $V$ ]

$$V \sim \frac{M^{4+\alpha}}{\phi^\alpha}, \quad \alpha > 0; \quad V = V_0 e^{-\sqrt{2}k\phi}, \quad \phi \sim \ln t$$

■  $-1 < \omega < -1/3$  Tracker field

\* k-essence: [In search of k.E.]

$$S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[ \frac{R}{16\pi G} + k(\phi, x) \right]; \quad x = +\frac{1}{2}(\nabla\phi)^2$$

\* Chaplygin Gas  $p = -\frac{A}{\rho^\alpha}; \quad 0 \leq \alpha < 0.2$  [E.O.S.]

\* Holographic D.E. model \* hessence

\* Brane induced models \* Higher Order Curvature terms  
[Gauss-Bonnet,  $f(R)$  model]

\* Phantom [Reversing the sign of k.E. term]

\* Scalar tensor theory of Gravity

\* Quintom models

$\omega < -1$  is possible.

God  $\Rightarrow$  Light & }  
Devil  $\Rightarrow$  Darkness }

Horizon Problem:

$$\frac{T_0}{T_d} = \frac{2.73}{3000} = \frac{a(t_d)}{a(t_0)} = \left(\frac{t_d}{t_0}\right)^{2/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_d = 2 \times 10^5 h^{-1} \text{ years}$$

The dist<sup>n</sup>. travelled by CMBR

$$= a(t_0) \int_{t_d}^{t_0} \frac{dt'}{a(t')} = 3t_0 \left[ 1 - \left(\frac{t_d}{t_0}\right)^{2/3} \right] \approx 3t_0$$

$$\approx 6000 h^{-1} \text{ Mpc} \approx d_H(t_0)$$

LSS: A sphere of radius  $d_H(t_0)$

P. Horizon at  $t_d \approx 3t_d \approx 0.168 h^{-1} \text{ Mpc}$ .

& today it is

$$\approx 0.168 h^{-1} \left( \frac{a(t_0)}{a(t_d)} \right) \text{ Mpc} \approx 184 h^{-1} \text{ Mpc}$$

Angle subtended by this "decoupling horizon"

is now  $\theta_d = \frac{184}{6000} \approx 0.03 \text{ rads}$ .

So the sky is splitted into

$$\frac{4\pi}{(0.03)^2} \approx 1.4 \times 10^4 \text{ patches which were never causally connected before emitting CMBR}$$