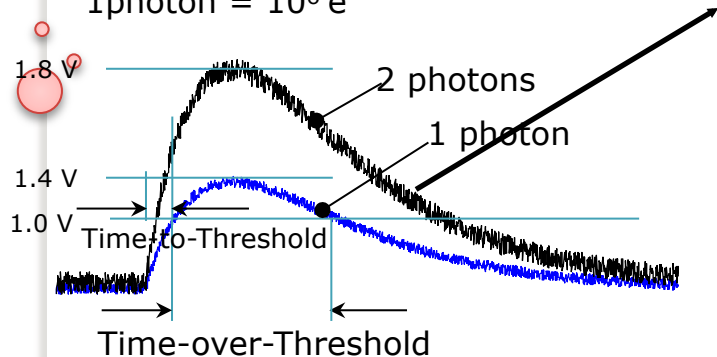


# ToT related to charge input.

PMT Gain =  $1 \times 10^6$

1photon =  $10^6 e^-$

Decay time = 4.5 ns ( $300 \text{ fF} \times 15\text{k}\Omega$ )



In reality, because of the rise time of the signal and parasitic capacitance at the input, we lose some charge. Also, there are delays because of cables and the experimental setup.

## Measured values

### Ideal case :

$$\text{Threshold} = \text{Amplitude} \times e^{-t/\tau}$$

Time over Threshold is the time to reach the threshold on the falling edge.

$$\text{Threshold} = \text{Amplitude} \times e^{-(\text{ToT} - \text{Risetime})/\tau}$$

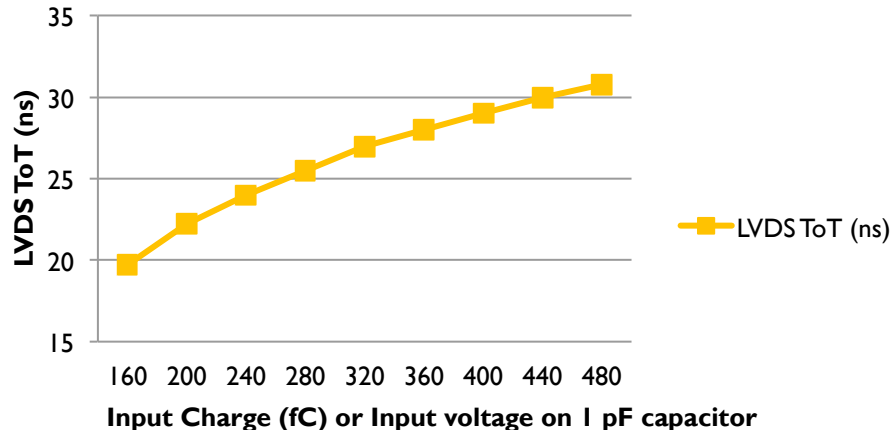
$$\text{ToT} = \text{Risetime} + \tau \times \ln \frac{\text{Amplitude}}{\text{Threshold}}$$

$$\text{ToT} = \text{Risetime} + \tau \times \ln \frac{\text{Charge/Feedback capacitor}}{\text{Threshold}}$$

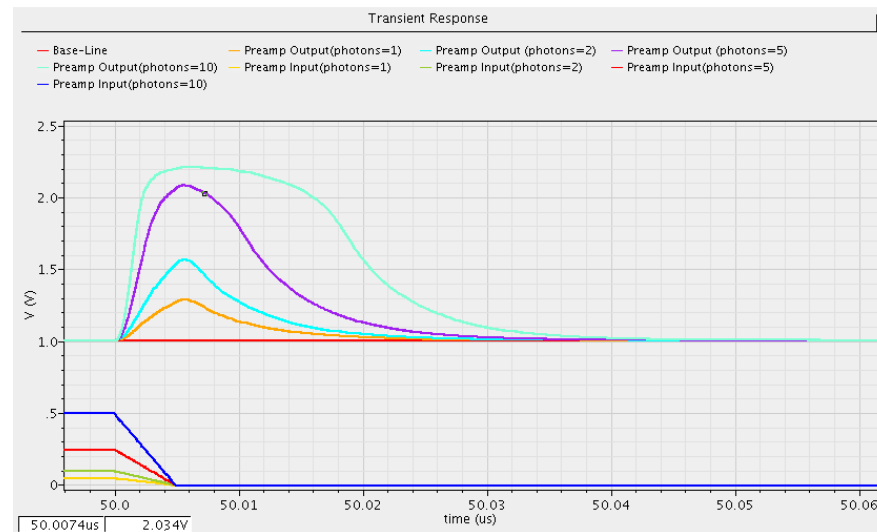
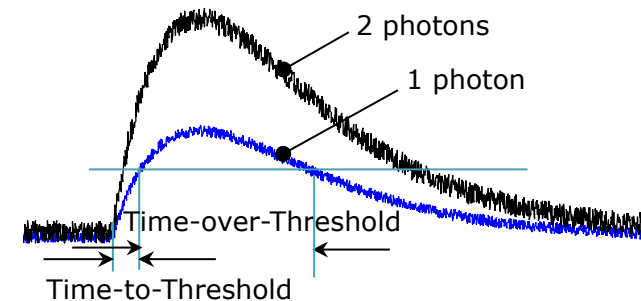
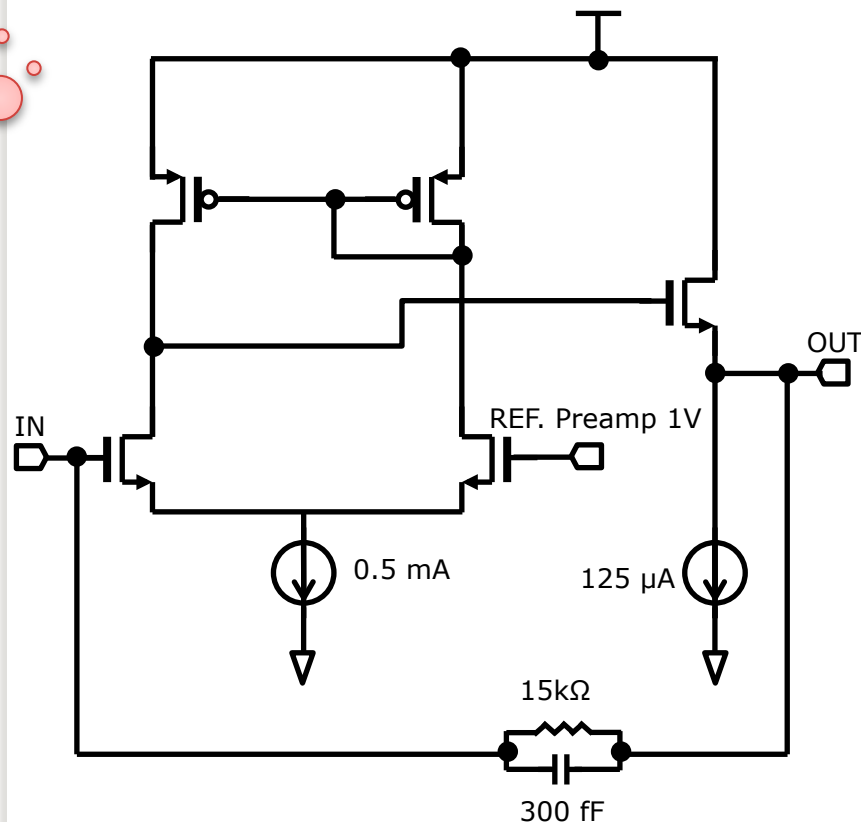
For eg. A pulse generator with 5ns risetime

$$\text{ToT} = \text{Risetime} + 4.5\text{ns} \times \ln \frac{160\text{fC}/300\text{fF}}{50\text{mV}} = \text{Risetime} + 10.6\text{ns} = 15.6\text{ns}$$

## LVDS ToT (ns)



# Design of Preamplifier in PROMiS\_V1



- Two-stage charge preamplifier with RC  $\sim 4.5$  ns feedback.
- For eg. 1  $pe^-$  on the PMT gives  $1 \times 10^6 = 160$  fC charge. 50 mV input on a 3.3pF capacitor relates to this charge. This charge will be amplified by the 300 fF feedback capacitor. The preamplifier saturates for a 5  $pe^-$  input.

Thresholds (base line of the amplifier is 1.000V):

- Promis2: 0.8->2.4V (0->256)
- Promis1: 0.8->1.2V (0->256)

Thr	ToT
29	27